

C01/E(24/12)04-R(14178)



**General Secretariat**

Secretariat of the League Council

Affairs

**Resolution 9084 issued by**  
The Council of the League of Arab States at  
the Ministerial Level

**on**

**The continuation of Israel's crimes of  
aggression, genocide, displacement in all its  
forms, and starvation against the Palestinian  
people**

**Cairo**

**Thursday, December 12, 2024**

**The continuation of Israel's crimes of aggression, genocide, displacement in all its forms, and starvation against the Palestinian people**

**The Council of the League of Arab States at the Ministerial Level, recognizing the ongoing crimes of aggression, genocide, displacement in all its forms, and starvation committed by Israel against the Palestinian people for nearly 14 consecutive months, alongside the brutal Israeli aggression marked by heinous massacres against Palestinian civilians in the Gaza Strip, the alarming threats by ministers in the occupation government to halve the population of the Strip, and the catastrophic humanitarian conditions imposed by the Israeli aggression on the Gaza Strip,**

- *Affirming* the implementation of all League of Arab States resolutions regarding the Palestinian cause, including the joint Arab-Islamic Summit Resolution in Riyadh on November 11, 2024, the Resolution of the Council of the League of Arab States at the Ministerial Level during the 162<sup>nd</sup> Ordinary Session on September 10, 2024, the Resolutions adopted during the 33<sup>rd</sup> Ordinary Session of the Arab Summit held in Bahrain on May 19, 2024, and the Resolution issued at the Extraordinary Session at the Level of Permanent Representatives on November 24, 2024,

- 1- *Emphasizes* the implementation of relevant Arab resolutions to halt the crimes of Israeli aggression, genocide, ethnic cleansing, and starvation of civilians in the Gaza Strip, while addressing their catastrophic humanitarian repercussions by mobilizing international support to adopt a Security Council resolution under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter obliging Israel, the occupying Power, to cease fire and provide immediate and adequate humanitarian aid throughout the Gaza Strip in accordance with relevant Security Council resolutions, and further mobilizing support to freeze Israel's participation in the United Nations General Assembly and its affiliated organizations;

- 2- *Stresses* the implementation of Arab resolutions to designate Israeli individuals, organizations, and terrorist groups on Arab national terrorism lists and to enforce an economic boycott of the Israeli occupation system, including companies and business institutions operating in Israeli settlements;
- 3- *Regards* Israel's continuation as the occupying Power in acts of aggression and the crime of displacement in all its forms against the Palestinian people as a blatant violation of international humanitarian law and human rights, constituting crimes against humanity, systematic criminal practices targeting the Palestinian people, an assault on Arab national security, and a direct threat to regional peace and stability, necessitating a comprehensive Arab and international response through intensified political, economic, and legal actions to halt Israeli aggression, lift the siege, provide unhindered humanitarian aid, and activate relevant international resolutions to ensure international protection for the Palestinian people and bolster their steadfastness on their land;
- 4- *Supports* the continuation of Egyptian and Qatari mediation efforts aimed at achieving an immediate ceasefire in the Gaza Strip;
- 5- *Supports* the UNRWA politically, financially, and legally in confronting invalid Israeli legislation and procedures intended to dismantle the agency and terminate its mandate and operations;
- 6- *Supports* the State of Palestine's efforts to obtain full membership in the United Nations; *urges* the Security Council to accept this membership; *calls upon* countries that have not yet recognized the State of Palestine to do so; *and advocates* for its right to join international organizations and conventions to strengthen its legal and international status and affirm its independence and sovereignty over its occupied territories;
- 7- *Empowers* the Palestinian government to fulfill its responsibilities towards the Palestinian people, including its emergency humanitarian response plans, economic recovery, and reconstruction efforts, through the establishment of various Palestinian mechanisms, agencies, and committees, within the framework of the political and geographical unity of Palestinian land based on the June 4,

- 1967 borders with Jerusalem as its capital; *reaffirms* that the Palestine Liberation Organization is the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people; *and commends* the Arab Republic of Egypt for its pivotal role in achieving reconciliation and Palestinian unity during this critical period;
- 8- *Affirms* the importance of coordinated efforts to implement the outcomes of the Emergency Humanitarian Response Conference in Gaza, hosted by the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan; *welcomes* the Egyptian initiative to host an international conference to support Gaza on December 2, 2024, aimed at mobilizing relief and humanitarian aid for the Palestinian people; *and calls upon* the international community, especially donor parties, to honor commitments made at the Cairo Conference, particularly those related to infrastructure reconstruction programs, to improve living conditions and restore normalcy for the people of Gaza;
  - 9- *Emphasizes* the necessity of activating the contents of the advisory opinion issued by the International Court of Justice and implementing the relevant resolution of the United Nations General Assembly to end the illegal Israeli occupation of the State of Palestine; *and supports* the Court's ruling in the genocide case against Israel, the occupying Power; and urges states to cooperate with the International Criminal Court in executing arrest warrants issued against Israeli officials and rejecting any politicization of the Court's decisions;
  - 10- *Requests* the Arab Group in New York, in coordination with the Permanent Representative of the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria as the non-permanent Arab member of the Security Council, to mobilize international support and sustain Arab efforts to implement relevant Arab and Islamic resolutions currently pursued in the Security Council;
  - 11- *Supports* the endeavors of the Ministerial Committee established by the Joint Arab-Islamic Summit, chaired by the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in line with the resolution of the First Joint Arab-Islamic Summit on November 11, 2023; and endorses the efforts of the International Coalition to Implement the Two-State Solution launched by the Ministerial Committee in collaboration with Arab and Islamic countries, the European Union, and the Kingdom of Norway in September 2024 in New York, with its inaugural meeting held in Riyadh;

Unofficial Translation

- 12- *Welcomes* the peace conference scheduled for June 2025 at the United Nations General Assembly, co-chaired by the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and France, aimed at establishing a schedule for ending the occupation and realizing the two-state solution;
- 13- *Requests* the Secretary-General of the League of Arab States to monitor the implementation of this Resolution and present a detailed report on progress to the next session of the League Council.

**(R. 9084 – Ex. O.S. by circulation – 12/12/2024)**

---

- **The Republic of Tunisia** supports the present Resolution with the exception of the reference to the borders of June 4, 1967, based on its firm position in supporting the Palestinian people in their struggle for self-determination and the establishment of their independent and sovereign state over the entire territory.

- **The Republic of Iraq** has reservations about the term (two-state solution) and anything that explicitly or implicitly refers to (Israel) as a state, requesting it be replaced with (the Israeli entity, the occupying Power) whenever stated because it is not consistent with the Iraqi laws in force.

-